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The pseudoscorpion subgenus *Chthonius* (*Sigmodactylus*) Hadži, 1930: type fixation and consequent synonymy with *Pseudochthonius* Balzan, 1892 (Chelonethi, Chthoniidae)

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Summary

Chthonius (Pseudochthonius) simoni Balzan, 1892, is designated as the type species of the subgenus Chthonius (Sigmodactylus) Hadži, 1930. Sigmodactylus therefore becomes a junior objective synonym of the genus Pseudochthonius Balzan, 1892. Microchthonius Hadži, 1933, is returned to subgeneric rank under the genus Chthonius C. L. Koch, 1843.

Sigmodactylus was created by Hadži (1930: 140) as a subgenus of Chthonius C. L. Koch, 1843, diagnosed by the sigmoid curvature of the fixed finger and the dentition of the fingers of the chela. The heterogeneity of the group is evident from the modern familial and generic assignments of the seven species which Hadži referred to Sigmodactylus (see Harvey, 1991):

Chthoniidae

Afrochthonius godfreyi (Ellingsen) Chthonius (Chthonius) cavernarum Ellingsen C. (C.) heterodactylus Tömösváry C. (C.) raridentatus Hadži C. (C.) troglodites Redikorzev Pseudochthonius simoni (Balzan)

Tridenchthoniidae

Anisoditha curvidigitata (Balzan)

Sigmodactylus has been either overlooked or ignored by subsequent authors, including Hadži himself (1941). Fortunately, it was included by Neave in his Nomenclator Zoologicus (1940).

Because Hadži (1930) did not designate a type species, Sigmodactylus represents a potential source of nomenclatural instability. The obvious candidates for type species would be Chthonius heterodactylus and C. raridentatus, as these are the only included species which Hadži (1930) had seen (ICZN recommendation 69B(8)). Sigmodactylus could then be used as a subgeneric name for the subterraneus-group of Chthonius, to which heterodactylus and raridentatus belong. However, the monophyly of this informal species-group has yet to be demonstrated. Furthermore, this might result in a synonymy with

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the better-known subgenus *Chthonius* (*Microchthonius*) Hadži, 1933 (REVISED STATUS; Beier's (1963) elevation of *Microchthonius* to generic rank is not followed here). It seems likely that the species of *Chthonius* (*Microchthonius*) are closely related to those of the *subterraneus*-group.

Instead, I propose here to designate Chthonius (Pseudochthonius) simoni Balzan, 1892, as the type species of Sigmodactylus. Because simoni is already the type species of the genus Pseudochthonius Balzan, 1892, Chthonius (Sigmodactylus) becomes a junior objective synonym of Pseudochthonius (ICZN article 67(k)) (NEW SYNONYMY). Hence the potential threat of synonymy between Sigmodactylus and Afrochthonius Beier, 1930, Anisoditha Chamberlin & Chamberlin, 1945, or, perhaps, Chthonius (Microchthonius) Hadži, is removed.

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Addendum

In a paper received after this manuscript had gone to press, Gardini (1991: 173) refers to *Chthonius (Chthonius) lessiniensis* Schawaller as "appartenente al gruppo degli *Chthonius* s. str. con dito fisso dei palpi sigmoide ("subgen. *Sigmodactylus*" di Hadži, 1930)". Although this implies a synonymy between *Sigmodactylus* and *Chthonius (Chthonius)*, it does not have any formal status because Gardini did not select a type species for *Sigmodactylus*. Hence the synonymy with *Pseudochthonius* proposed here is unaffected.

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